

VOL. XXXV, NO. 31

It will not escape the appreciative notice of the many loyal adherents of woman's cause who is striving for a wider recognition of woman's influence in public affairs that at the most critical moment of his fight in Philadelphia Gov. Roosevelt of New York called his wife to his side for wise counsel.

REPUBLICAN TICKET

McKinley For President and Gov. Roosevelt For Vice President.

The Platform Adopted Honors Attainment to the Principles of the Old Standard and Endorses McKinley's Foreign Policy.

Philadelphia, June 20.—At 12:37 noon, Tuesday, the republican national convention of 1900 was called to order by Chairman Hanna.

Prayer was offered by Rev. Dr. Bolton, of Philadelphia.

At the conclusion of the prayer Hanna arose, and again a wave of applause swept over the hall.

"The secretary of the national committee will now read the call of this convention," said Hanna.

As Col. Dick arose he was greeted with hand clapping and cheers.

The preliminary business being concluded, Hanna began his speech.

In concluding Hanna said it was his great pleasure to now present the distinguished senator from Colorado, Mr. W. D. Bennett, as temporary chairman.

After Chairman Bennett's address, the convention adjourned until noon Wednesday.

Philadelphia, June 21.—Chairman Bennett called the convention to order at 12:30, and the delegates stood up while the hand played the "Star Spangled Banner."

The report of the committee on permanent organization was adopted, and Senator Lodge, the permanent

chairman, was escorted to the chair by Gov. Roosevelt and Gov. Shaw, of Iowa.

The temporary chairman, Senator Fairbanks, of Indiana, then reported the platform.

The following is a synopsis:

Platform is the administration of the law, the maintenance of the peace, the protection of the past four years after the war.

Approval of the retention of our island possessions and the maintenance of our government with their welfare.

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12:56 took the platform to nominate Roosevelt for vice president.

When Mr. Young named Roosevelt there was another demonstration. Banners were carried about the hall and the band played while the convention sang "There Will Be a Hot Time in the Old Town Tonight."

Michael J. Murray, of Massachusetts, seconded Roosevelt's nomination.

The delegates then elected the aides, grasping Tio, Roosevelt's hands, and with difficulty the chairman restored quiet and recognized Butler Murray, of Massachusetts, for a speech seconding the nomination of Roosevelt.

He spoke in behalf of "old New England" and his vigorous sentences elicited another demonstration for the Rough Rider candidate.

After the speech of Mr. Murray, of Massachusetts, Gen. James M. Ashton, of Washington, was recognized, and he also seconded the nomination of Roosevelt.

Senator Dewey, of New York, also seconded the nomination of Roosevelt.

Dewey, at 1:50, concluded, and he was great pleasure to now present the distinguished senator from Colorado, Mr. W. D. Bennett, as temporary chairman.

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ARRIVE AT TIEN TSON.

The Allied Forces Entered the City, Sustaining a Small Loss.

It is Feared That the Worst Has Happened at Pekin—One of the Captured British Forces Has Been Relieved.

Ch'oo-Poo, June 26.—(R. Adm. Kempf reports by a Japanese torpedo boat that the combined forces entered Tien Tsin on Saturday, June 23, sustaining small loss. They started on Sunday to relieve the forces which left Tien Tsin on June 10, and which is believed to be surrounded near Pekin.

According to Japanese reports, Adm. Seymour has been captured and the ministers have left Pekin guarded by Chinese soldiers. Their whereabouts is unknown.

Tsing Tzu, June 24.—Eight thousand allied troops have landed at Tien Tsin. The British and French officers, who have succeeded in getting through from Tien Tsin to Tientsin, have effected a junction with the German gunboat Hitt, up the Tien Tsin river, reports that several of Chinese are missing.

London, June 25.—The British cruiser Terrible has arrived at Chefoo from Taku with the latest news, which is as follows:

"Eight hundred Sikhs and 500 Welsh fusiliers have effected a junction with the American, German and Russian forces which had been cut off by the Chinese about nine miles from Tien Tsin. It was proposed to deliver an assault upon the Chinese forces at Tien Tsin Monday night."

It is not clear what forces united. It would seem that one relieving force cut off had been relieved by another, at any rate it is apparent that the allies arrived in sufficient force at Tien Tsin Sunday to attack the beleaguering Chinese.

"Foreign official opinion here," says a dispatch from Shanghai to the Daily Express, dated yesterday, "inclines to believe that the worst has happened to the legations at Pekin and that Adm. Seymour as well. Even if the legations were safe, the Chinese are no guarantee that they are safe now. The situation, in fact, grows more and more gloomy."

News of relative news from the capital seems to justify the worst construction which can be put on it.

"Bad news comes from Tientsin, where the report is said to be growing gloomy. Victory Liu Kiu Yin has telegraphed to the British ambassador that he has ordered five Chinese gunboats which have been lying off the harbor here to proceed to Nanking."

"Sikhs" make a strong case against the British. "The British ambassador at Tientsin has telegraphed to the British ambassador that he has ordered five Chinese gunboats which have been lying off the harbor here to proceed to Nanking."

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DAMAGED BY HEAVY RAINS.

A Flooded Reported Near Huntsville, by the Alabama River, Containing but No Far Loss of Life is Known.

Atlanta, Ga., June 26.—Reports received here from many points in Georgia and portions of Alabama and Kentucky show that the recent heavy rains have inundated a vast territory and caused enormous damage to crops and farming properties.

The rainfall has been unprecedented. All the streams are out of their banks and carrying away bridges and houses in large numbers. The substructure of the handsome new bridge over the Deming river at Macon was carried away.

At Columbus, the Savannah river at Augusta, Ga., was 20 feet at noon and twice as high at night. The mills are closed down on account of swollen water.

At Rome, Ga., the river is 15 feet above low-water mark and rising one foot an hour.

At West Point the Chattahoochee river has reached 20 feet above low-water mark.

A tornado was reported near Huntsville, Ala., sweeping the country, but no loss of life is known.

Georgia, however, has been devastated and only the higher farming lands untouched. Indications are for a heavy rain, which will cause the streams to fall rapidly.

THE NEELY CASE.

The United States Government Will Soon Set the Matter Right.

New York, June 26.—The examination of Charles W. Neely, which has been postponed a number of times and was set for Monday before United States Commissioner Shields, has again been postponed to next Friday at 10:30 a. m. The postponement is due to the arrangements and mutual consent of counsel.

Assistant United States District Attorney Baldwin said Monday that the government would act very soon in the Neely case. According to Mr. Baldwin, when the government does will be in the shape of an application made by the district attorney to Judge Lacombe of the local court, asking for Neely's removal to Havana under the special extradition act passed by congress in the last days of the session.

It is said that Neely's counsel will make no move in the matter until after the government takes some definite step for the prisoner's removal.

THE BLUE AND THE GRAY.

A Reunion to Be Held on the Anniversary of the Battle of Peach Tree Creek—Invited.

Washington, June 26.—A party of distinguished Georgians called on the president Monday and invited him to attend on July 20, the anniversary of the battle of Peach Tree Creek, which occurred on July 20, 1864. This anniversary is to be made the occasion of the reunion of the ex-union and ex-confederate soldiers who participated in that engagement.

The act, that according to present arrangements the president will be in Canton on that date, will prevent his visiting Atlanta on the 20th.

He is said to be the anniversary of the battle of Peach Tree Creek, which occurred on July 20, 1864. This anniversary is to be made the occasion of the reunion of the ex-union and ex-confederate soldiers who participated in that engagement.

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STATE NEWS PICK-UPS.

FATHER AND DAUGHTER DEAD.

Disastrous Results of the Explosion of a Small Boiler Near Williamsburg, Ky.

Williamsburg, Ky., June 25.—Two were killed by the explosion of a boiler in a little grist mill near the Scott county line. They were Wiley Broyles, aged 25, an old federal soldier, and his daughter Carrie, aged 15.

The girl was running the mill, and when the eccentric refused to work properly she went to her father, who was working in his blacksmith shop, about 200 yards away, and told him of it. He told her to go back, and he would come as soon as possible, and when he did so his arrival was closely followed by an explosion which instantly killed him and injured the daughter so that she died in an hour.

After the girl recovered enough to ask what had killed her father and struck her.

Frank Simmons, who was sent up from Floyd county for safe keeping, was selected by the prison authorities as the best man to do the job, and he justified their confidence by opening the safe in 30 minutes.

MURDER FROM JEAUSOY.

Finding a Letter From Rival, One of the Brethren's Possessions, Oscar McPherson Shot Her.

Livingston, Ky., June 24.—Jealousy caused a tragedy at Tunnel No. 5, a mile north of this town. Oscar McPherson, aged 25 years, and his wife Carrie Arnold, his sweetheart, in the forenoon, killing her instantly.

McPherson is a railroad employee. He had been in the possession of a letter from another man, which he found in his possession. The girl's mother interfered, when McPherson shot twice at her, and when she fled the girl as she stepped between him and his mother, McPherson escaped.

USED HAMMER AND AXL.

Disgraceful Fight Between a Blacksmith and a "Lumber" Manufacturer at Lexington, Ky.

Lexington, Ky., June 23.—With a hammer and ax for weapons, Pat Devereux, a blacksmith, and S. V. Frye, a carriage manufacturer, fought a fierce duel in the latter's shop. Frye is alleged to have told Devereux that he was a "lumber" manufacturer.

Later Devereux appeared at Frye's place and pulled Frye's whiskers. Frye, in turn, pulled Devereux's coat, and the two men fought a fierce duel in the latter's shop. Frye is alleged to have told Devereux that he was a "lumber" manufacturer.

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